Stream Flow Impacts in the Republican Basin

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Overview

- Correlations between streamflows and other activities
- Actual causes of streamflow reductions
 - Groundwater Pumping
 - Reductions in Runoff
 - Drought
- Improving Streamflows through Augmentation from Groundwater

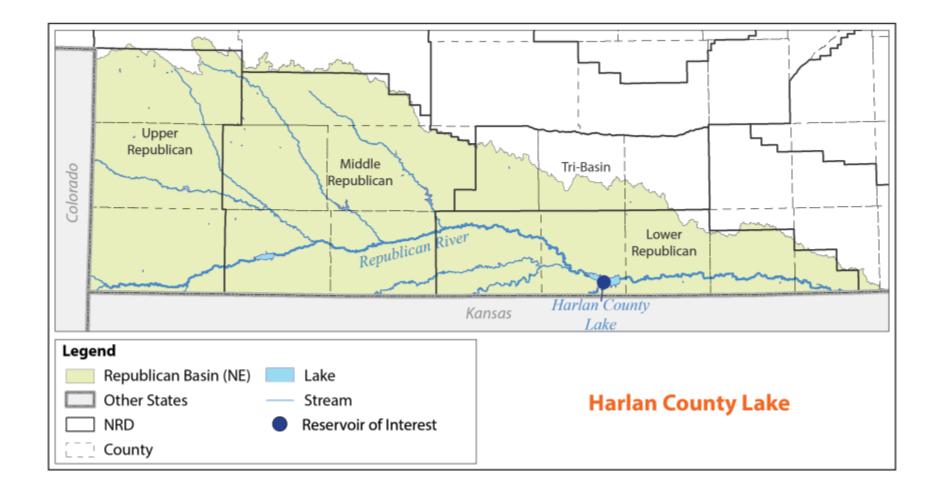


Correlations

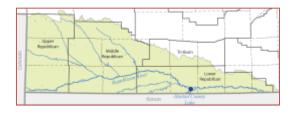
Updated comparison between inflows to Harlan County Lake and other changes in the Republican River Basin



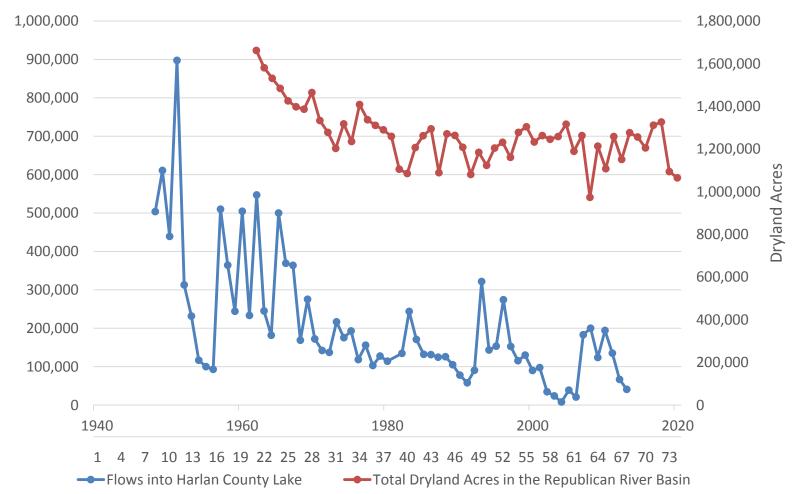








Inflows vs. Dryland Acres



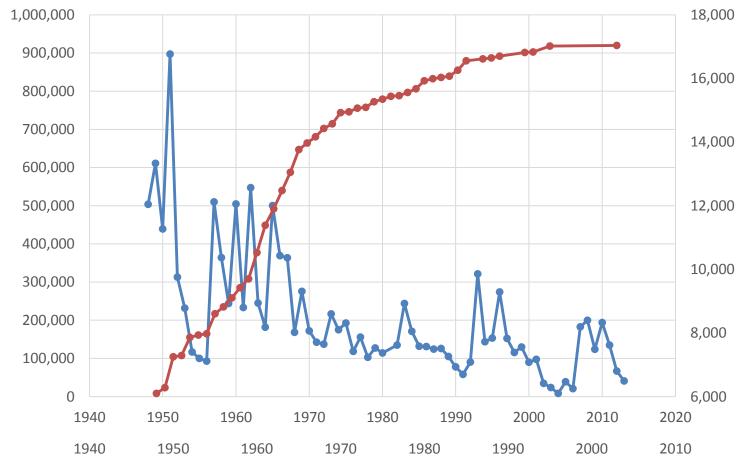


Inflows vs. Small Reservoirs

Inflows (acre-feet)



Storage Capacity (acre-feet)



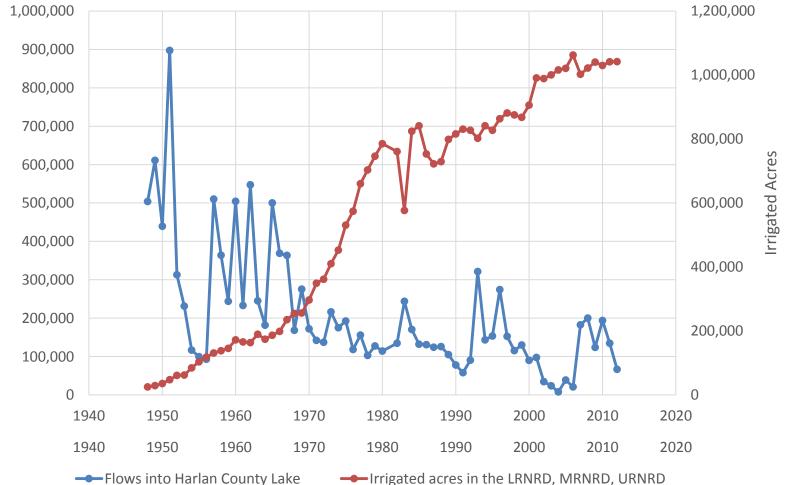
----Flows into Harlan County Lake

---- Total Storage Capacity of Small Reservoirs over 15 acre-feet in Nebraska

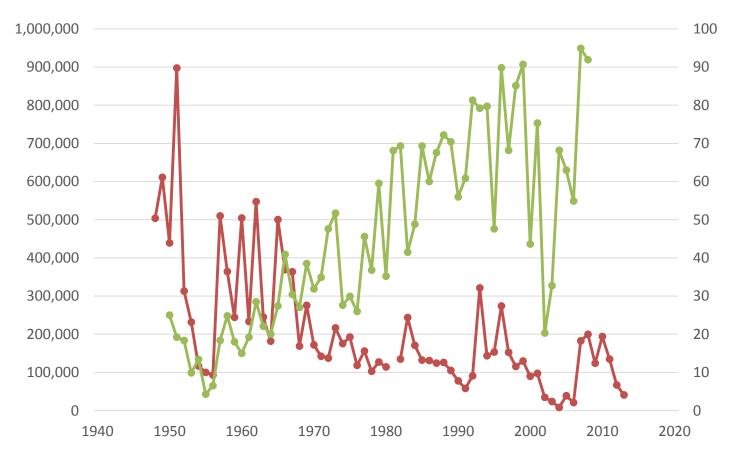


Inflows vs. Groundwater Irrigated Acres





Inflows (acre-feet)



Inflows vs. Dryland Corn Yields



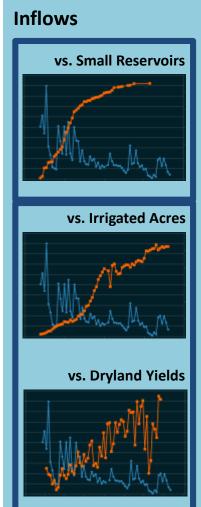
Dryland Corn Yields (bushels/acre)

Inflows (acre-feet)

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Observations Based on Correlations

- Inflows into Harlan County Lake are inversely correlated with:
 - Development of groundwater irrigation
 - Development of conservation practices such as farm ponds
 - Increase in dryland crop yields
- The most significant declines in runoff appear to have occurred:
 - Prior to 1970
 - i.e., during the time that the development of conservation practices increased the most
- Baseflow has declined more steadily, in a manner more similar to:
 - The increase in groundwater irrigation
 - The increase in dryland yields





Causes of Reduced Streamflow Supply





Causes of Reduced Streamflow Supply

Causes	Quantifying these impacts
Groundwater pumping by the three states	Estimates of streamflow depletions due to groundwater pumping from the RRCA groundwater model
Reductions in runoff	RRCA Conservation Study, analysis of historic streamflow and baseflow information to estimate reductions in runoff
Drought	Comparison of 2013-2014 with longer-term averages to assess the impact of drought



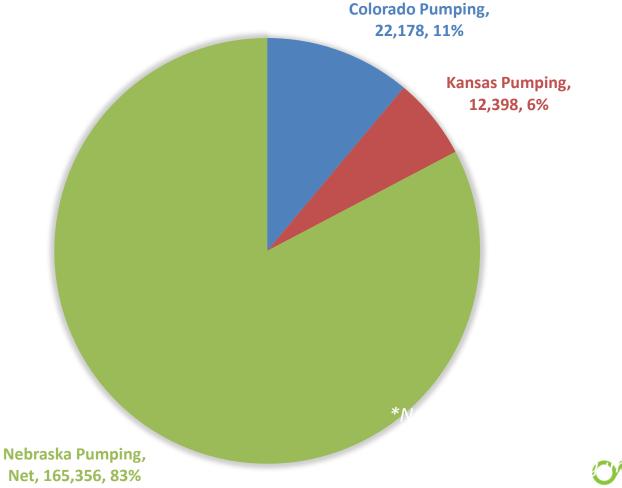
Effects of Groundwater Pumping on Streamflow

Stream depletions from groundwater pumping 1975-2015



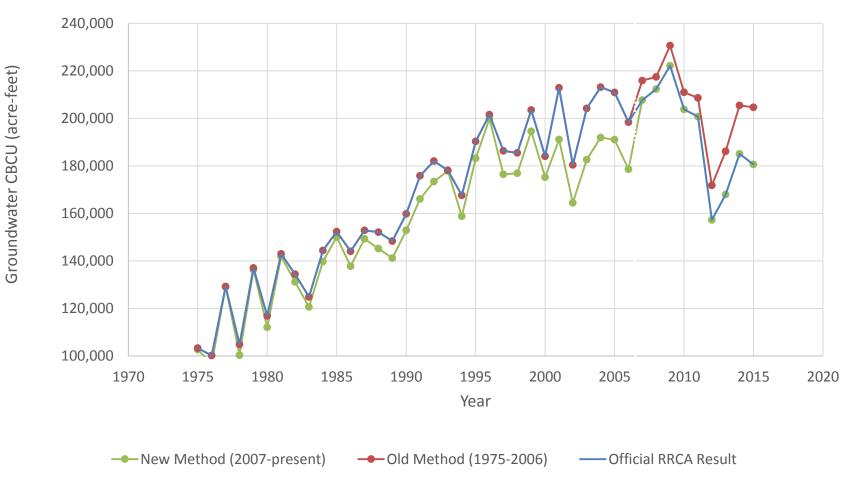


Total Depletions Due to Groundwater Pumping Basin-Wide Impacts, 2000 (acre-feet)





Nebraska Groundwater Computed Beneficial Consumptive Use (CBCU)



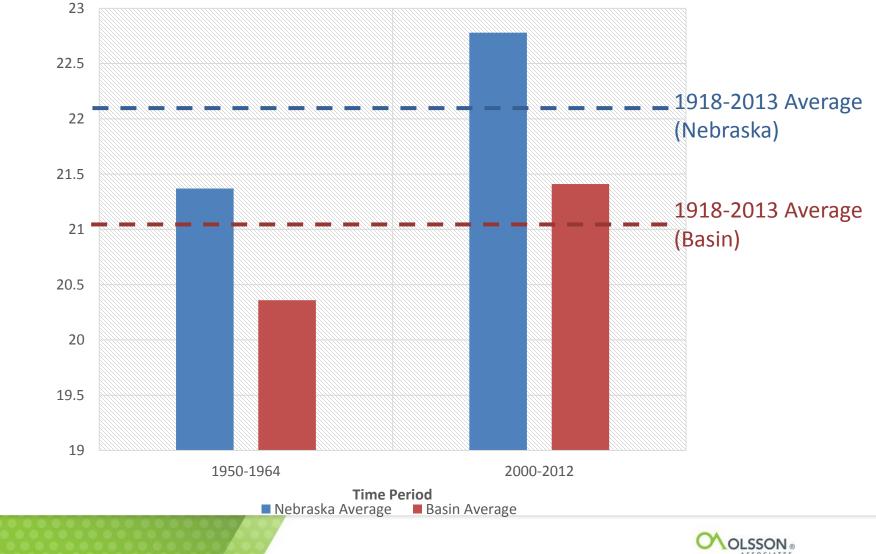


Impacts to Runoff, Using Streamflow and Baseflow Data 1950-1964 and 2000-2012 time periods

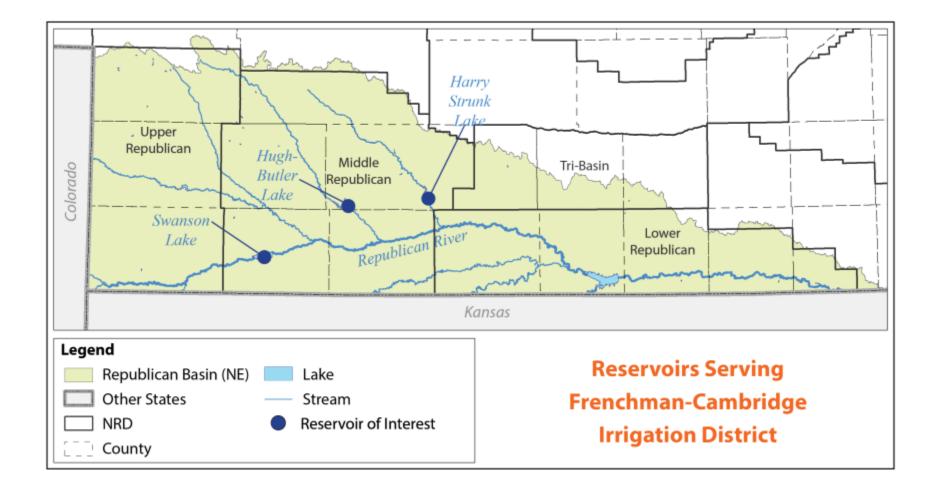




Rainfall Comparison



Average annual rainfall for time period (inches)

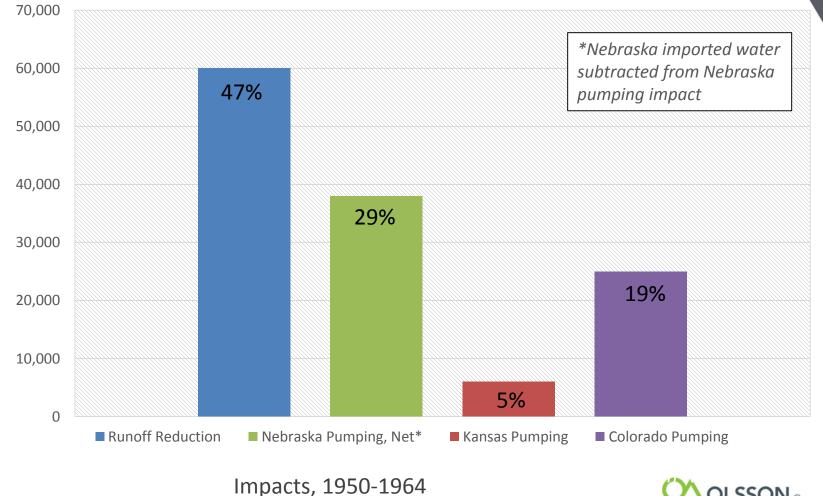




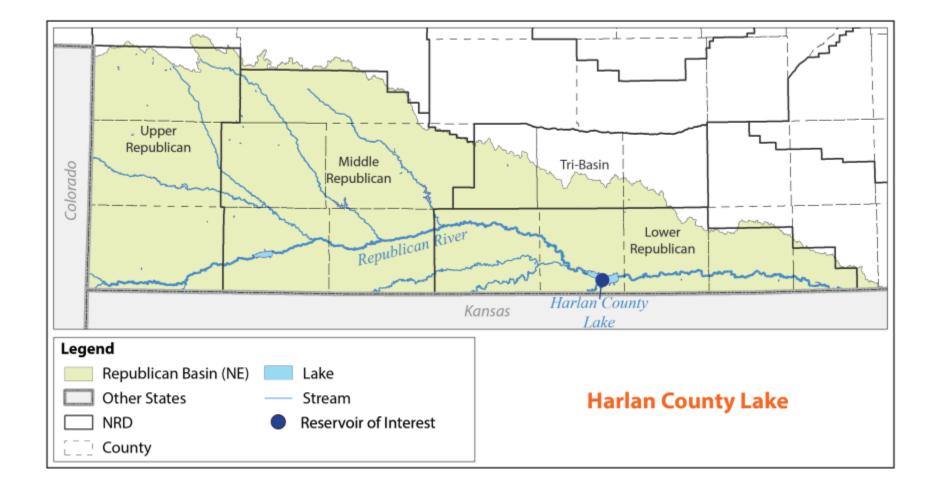


Impacts to Reservoirs Serving Frenchman Cambridge Irrigation District





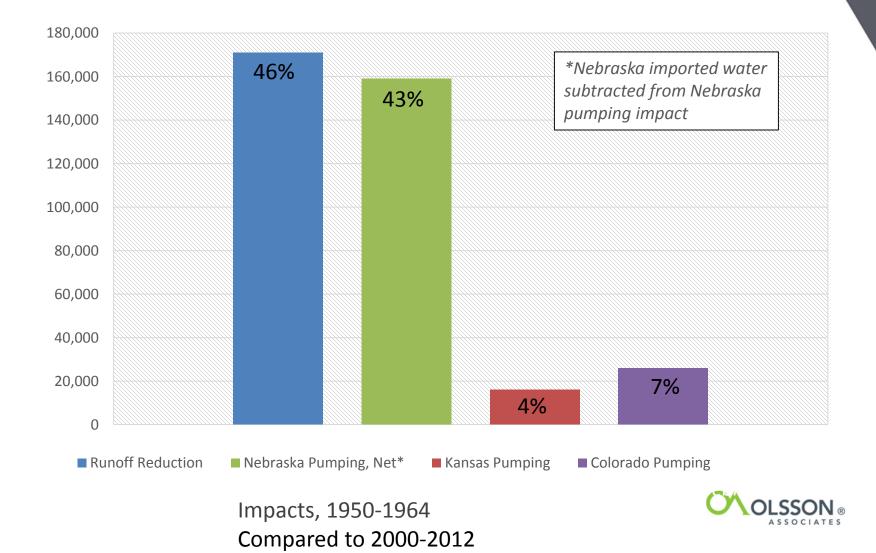
Compared to 2000-2012







Impacts Above Harlan County Lake



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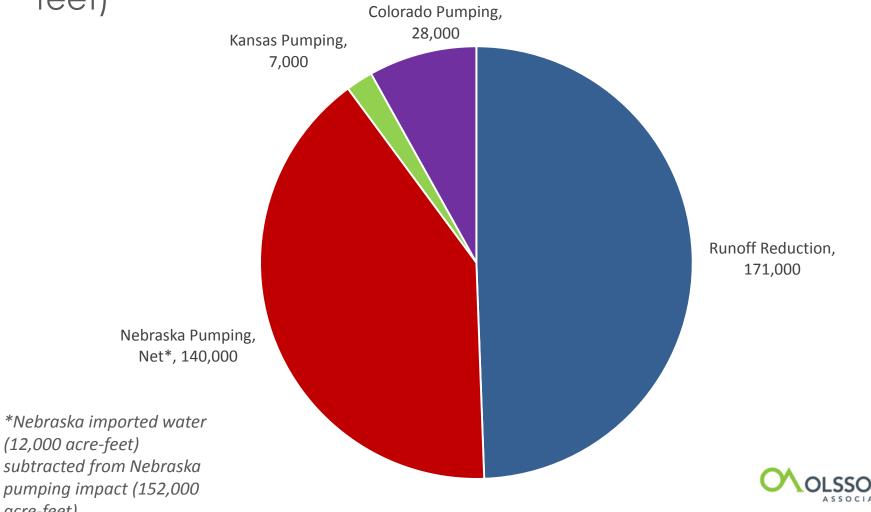
Additional Impacts of Drought 2013 Comparison

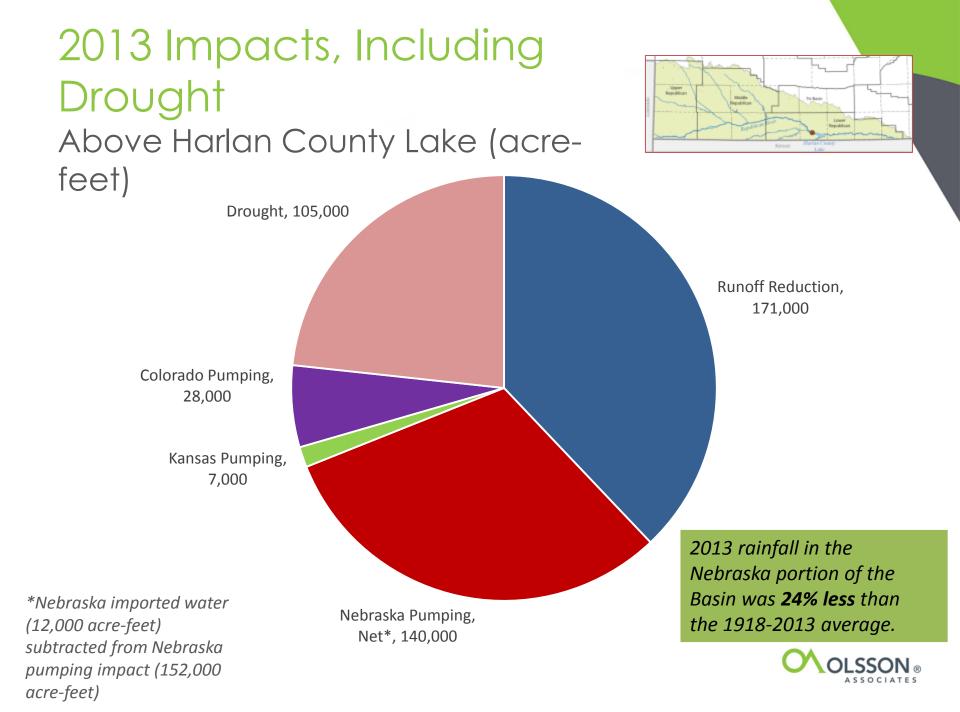




2013 Impacts, without the effects of the Drought Above Harlan County Lake (acrefeet)

acre-feet)





Improving Streamflows through Augmentation from Groundwater



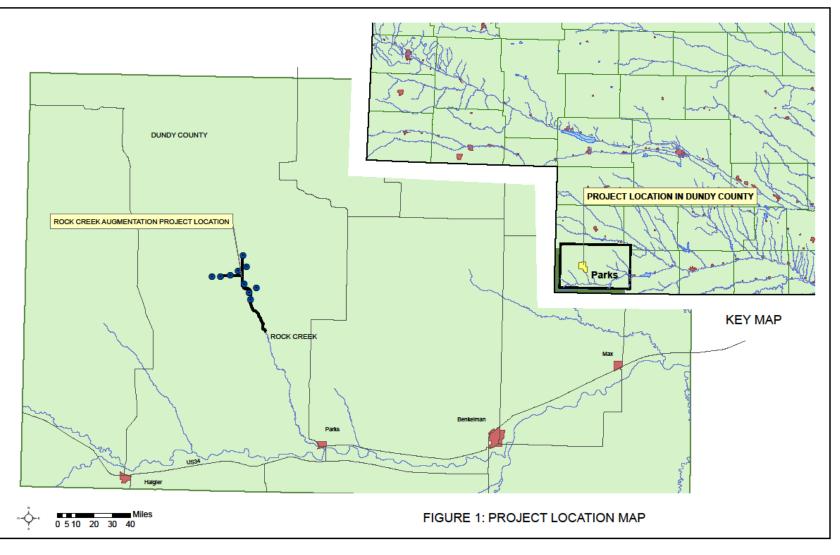


Streamflow Augmentation Projects

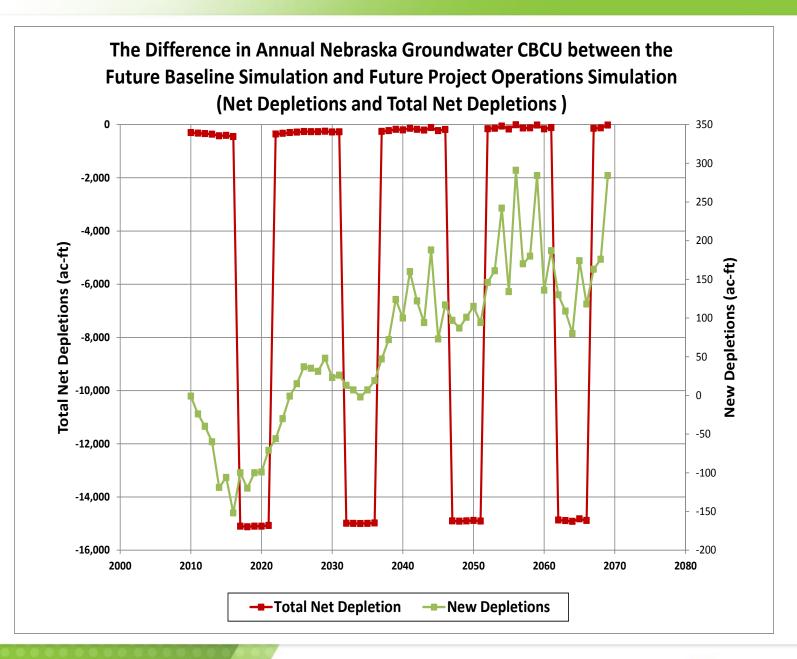
- Two Projects
 - Rock Creek
 - Nebraska Cooperative Platte Republican
 Enhancement (N-CORPE) Project
- Provide Streamflows for Compact
 Compliance
- Previous Analysis of Net Impacts on Streamflow
- Current Analysis of Impact on Aquifer



Rock Creek Project

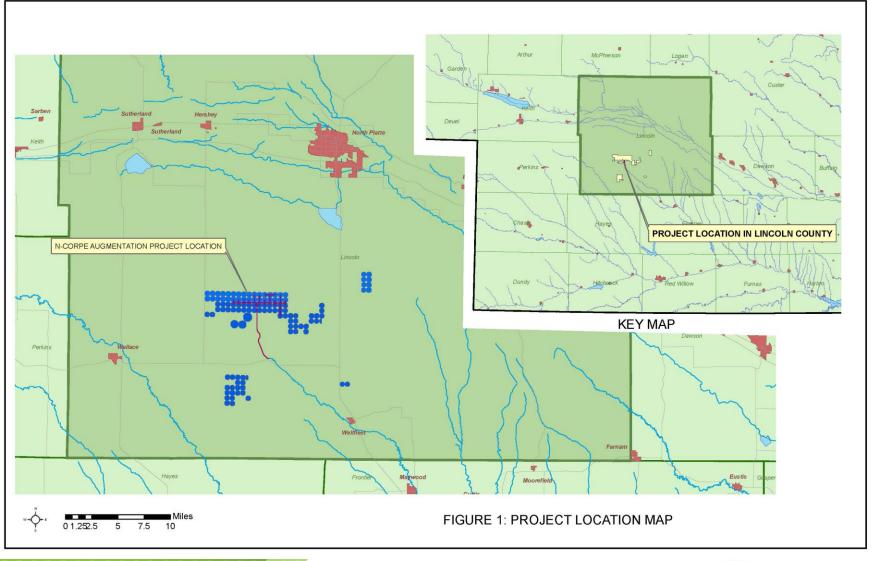








N-CORPE Project





Sustainably Managing the Aquifer

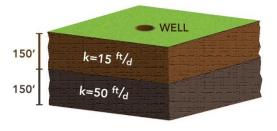
Another critical component of stream augmentation from the aquifer is ensuring that the operations of the augmentation well field are sustainable over the long term.

Olsson is currently working for the N-CORPE project to construct and calibrate a detailed model of the N-CORPE wellfield that will be used to evaluate various future scenarios and conduct other analyses that will help the N-CORPE managers understand any critical limitations for the operation of the N-CORPE wellfield.

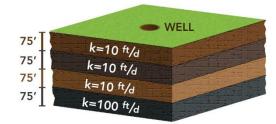
1-LAYER MODEL



2-LAYER MODEL



4-LAYER MODEL



Questions?

